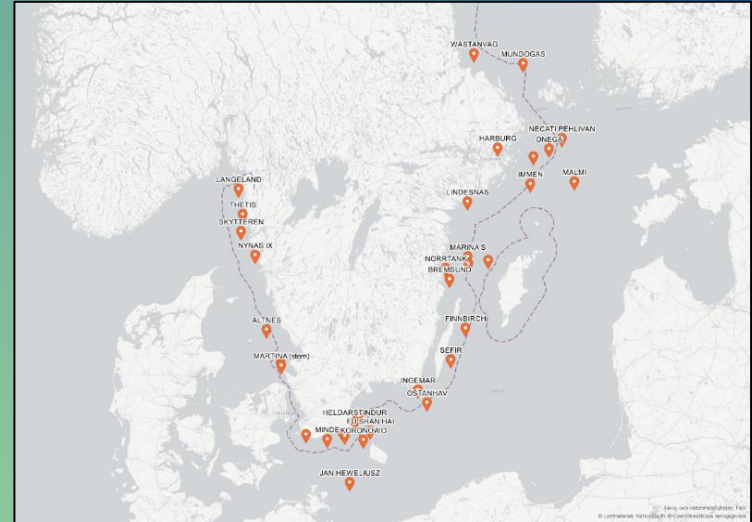


Environmentally hazardous shipwrecks

Swedish national programme

- work procedure, examples and lessons learnt

2019-02-27



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Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management

Outline

- Swedish programme
- Legal framework
- Inventory
- Methodology
- Surveys
- Risk assessment
- Remediation
- Experiences

- Useful links

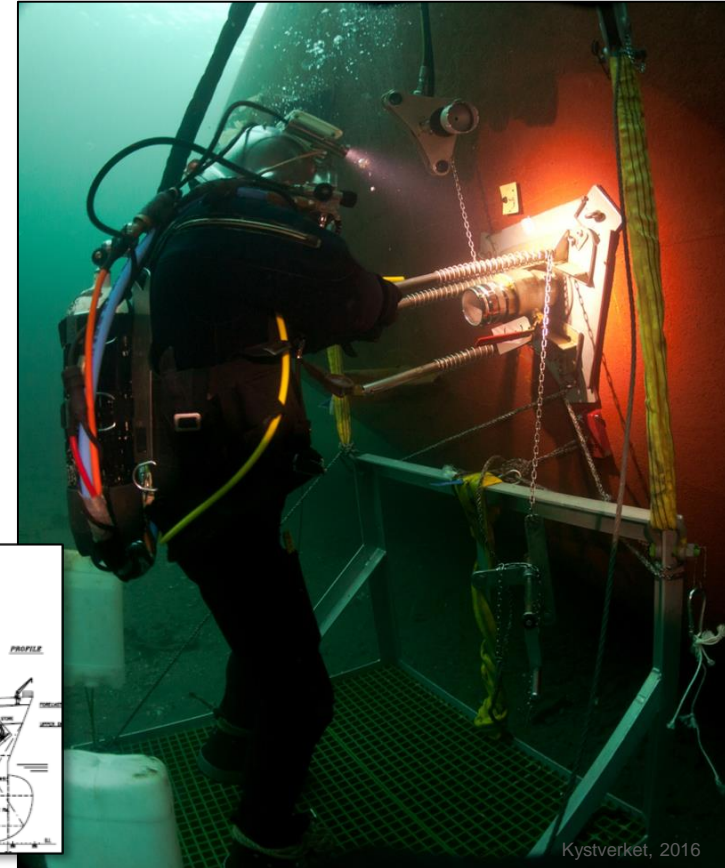
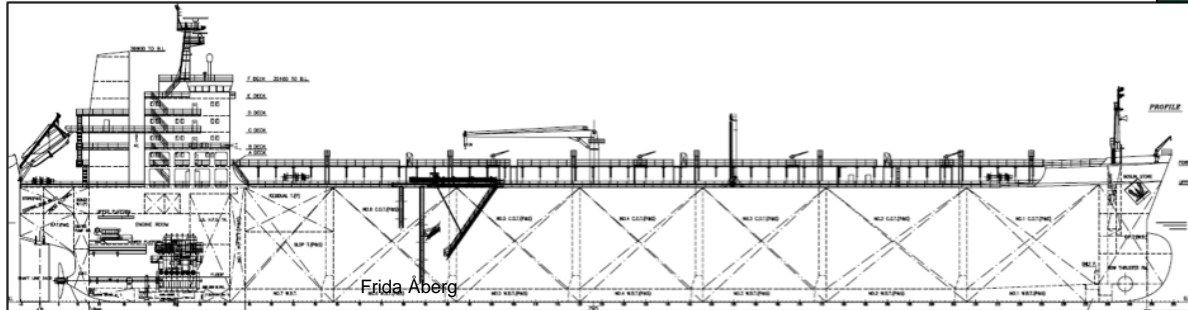


Swedish Maritime Administration, 2014

Swedish national programme

Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management

- SwAM is responsible for coordination of investigations and remediation of environmentally hazardous shipwrecks
- Annual budget € 2.4 M/year, 10 years
- Decision support tool – VRAKA
- Remediate 2-3 wrecks annually



Swedish legal framework

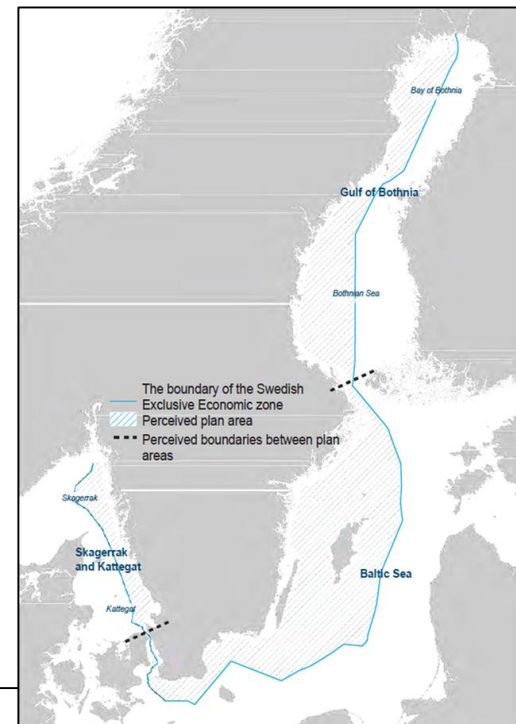
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Water Management

- Wrecks that constitutes an environmental hazard
 - Risk of leakage of oil and other hazardous substances
 - Imminent risk of release, ~hours.
- Wrecks that constitutes an hazard in respect to navigation
 - Wrecked ship in a fairway or in an area with important commercial fishing.
 - In a public port if it hinders the usage of the port, e.g. other ships cannot enter the port.
- Wrecks that constitutes cultural heritages
- Nairobi International Convention on the Removal of Wrecks



Swedish legal framework, cont.

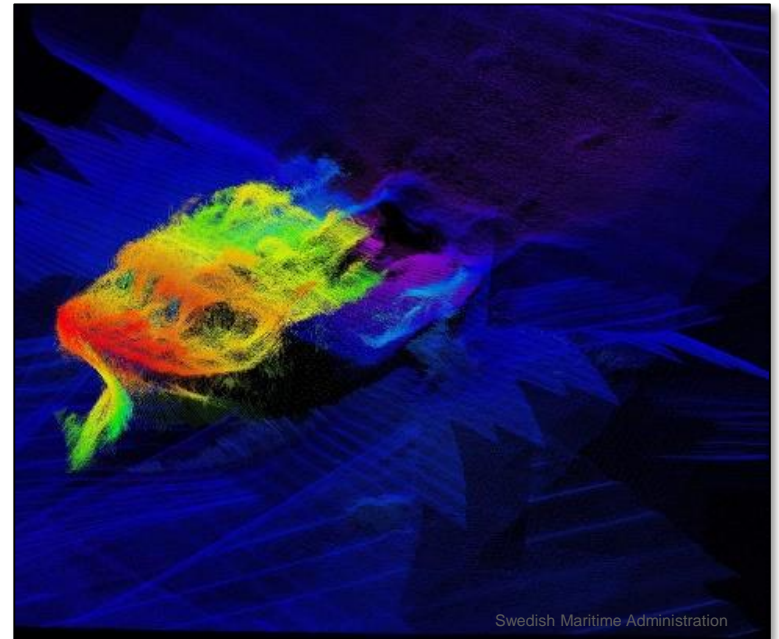
- Nairobi International Convention on the Removal of Wrecks
 - Shipowner responsible to remove hazard that occur after a wreckage
 - Wreck
 - Hazardous substance
 - State can intervene after a deadline
 - shipowner responsible for state´s costs
 - Shipowner (300gt)
 - compulsory insurance
 - other financial security to cover liability
 - EEZ, option expand to territorial waters
 - Sweden ratification 3 February 2018.
 - Expand application to Swedish territorial waters and inner waters.
 - The convention is not applicable on ships that have wrecked prior to the states ratification of the convention.



Legal considerations prior to a oil removal operation

- 1850-2018
- No owner, insurance
- Not in a fairway or public port
- Potentially polluting

- No law applicable (most likely)
- Cost for preventive removal of threat – Swedish taxpayers

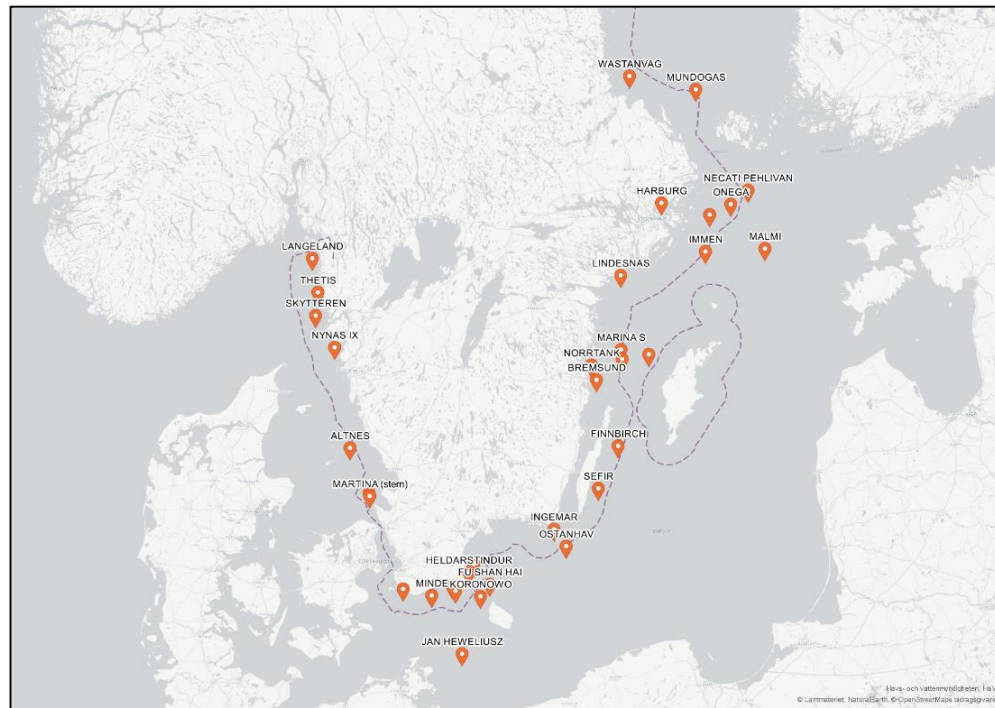


Inventory

– potentially polluting ship wrecks

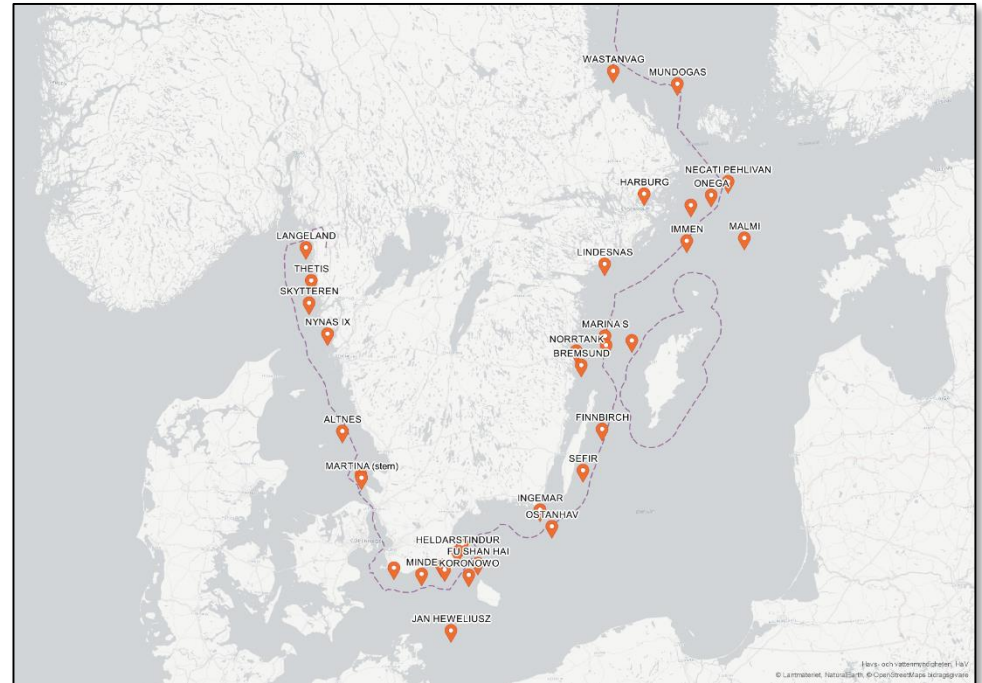
Main outcomes:

- 17 000 objects
 - >100 gt
 - After 1900
 - Oil as propulsion
- 2700
 - More thorough evaluation of the propulsion
Oil vs coal
- 316 potentially polluting ship wrecks
 - Oil still contained
- ~30 hazardous ship wrecks



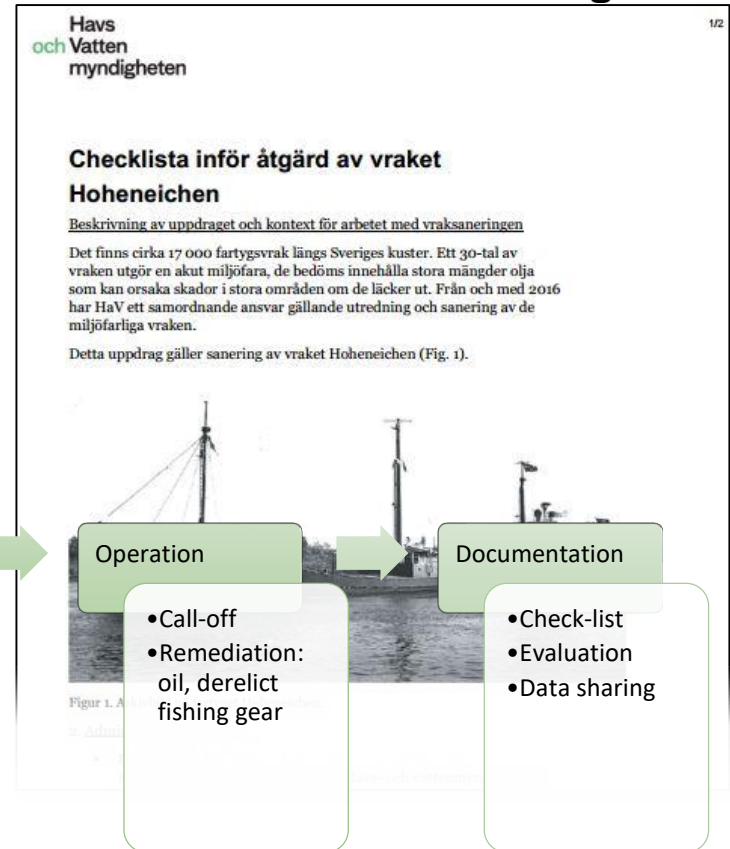
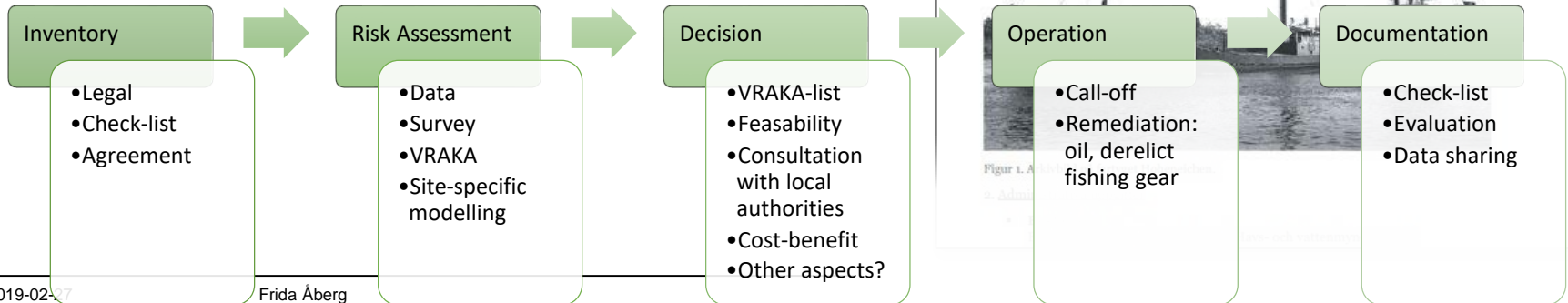
Risk management – prioritizing for oil removal operations

- ~30 wrecks
 - Which one constitutes the largest risk?
 - How do we use tax money most efficiently?
- Environmental risk
 - Probability of leakage
 - Volume oil inside the wreck
 - Where would the oil end up
 - Sensitivity of the nature type
- Prioritizing for oil removal operations
 - Time
 - Cost



Work procedure

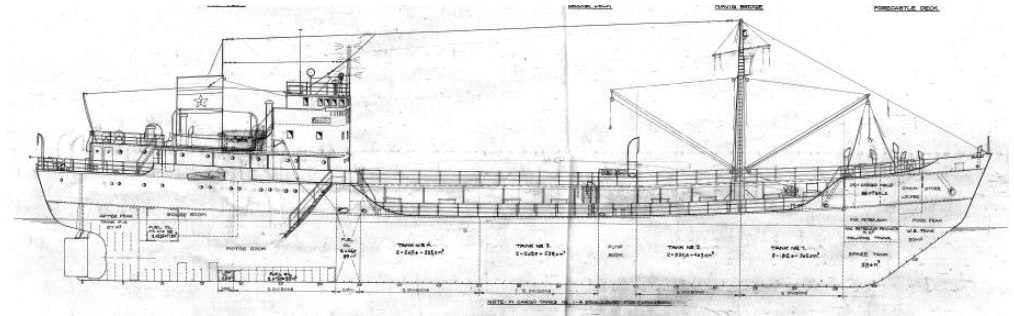
- Checklist
- Documentation of project
- Methodology



Work procedure - Investigations

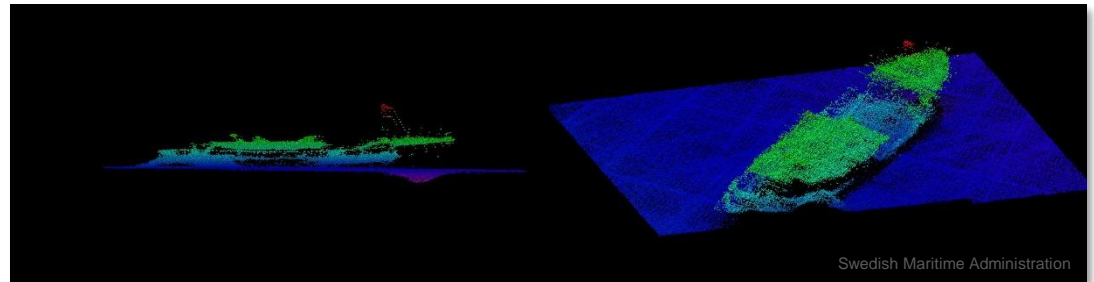
Step 1: Archive search

- General arrangement drawings
 - location of tanks
- Maritime Declarations
 - amount of oil on-board

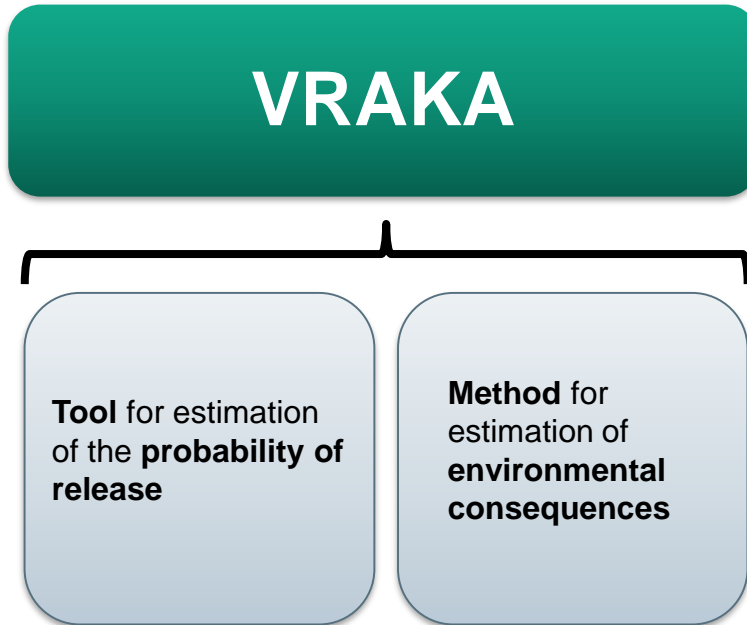


Step 2: On-site surveys

- Investigations/hydrographic surveys
 - multibeam / sidescan sonar
 - film, photo - photogrammetry
- Physical surveys
 - sediment samples
 - oil samples
 - hull thickness measurements



Risk assessment -VRAKA



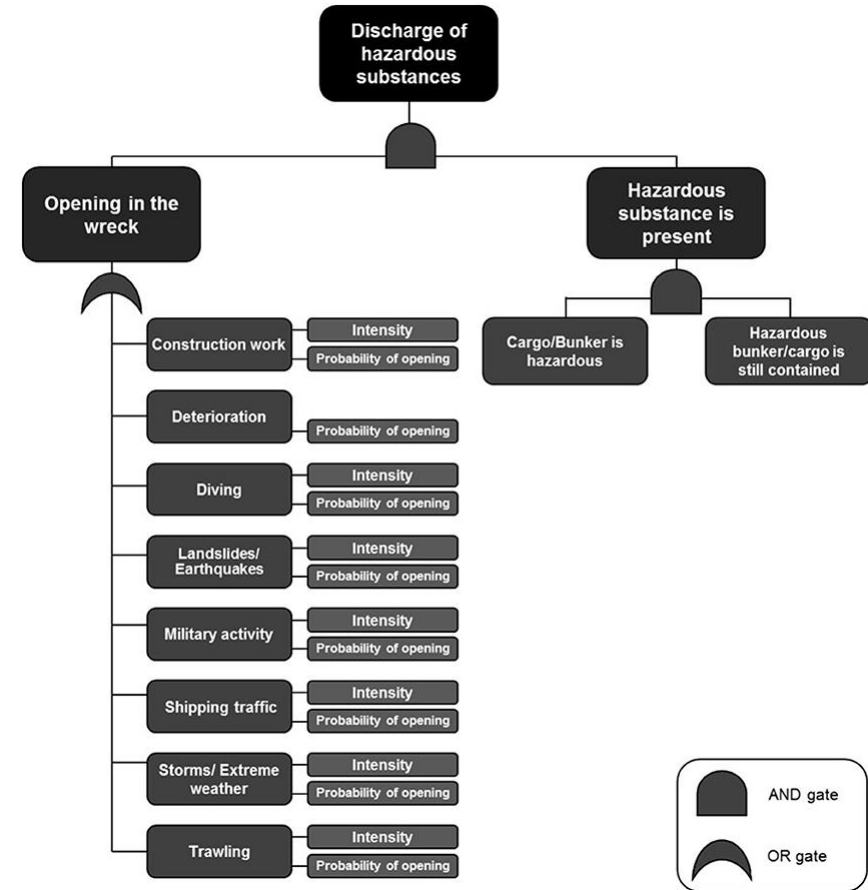
- Decision support tool
 - Prioritization of wrecks for remediation
- Risk assessment of shipwrecks
 - What can happen?
 - How likely is it?
 - What are the consequences?
- Petroleum products
 - Cargo
 - Bunker
- Chalmers University of Technology

Risk assessment -VRAKA

Part 1

Hazardous activities

- 8 different types of activities
 - Intensity
 - Probability of opening

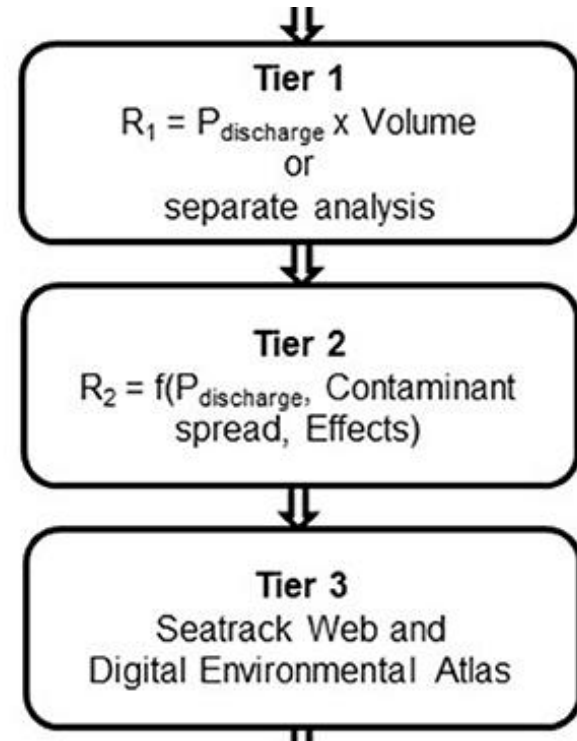


Risk assessment -VRAKA

Part 2

Method for estimation of environmental consequences

- Three levels of Risk estimation
- Level of detail
- Users choice



Risk assessment -VRAKA

Tier 1

- Probability of discharge x Volume released.
 - $P_{\text{Release}} \times \text{Expected amount of oil} = \text{Risk}_{\text{Total}}$



Risk assessment -VRAKA

Tier 2

- Probability of discharge
- Volume
- Distance to shoreline
- Sensitivity

	Low severity	Moderate severity	High severity
Volume	<100 m ³	100 – 500 m ³	> 500 m ³
Distance to shore	> 10 nm	1 – 10 nm	< 1 nm
Sensitivity	Nearest shore is: Sand, steep cliffs or rock walls or facilities.	Nearest shore is: Cliff beaches, pebble, boulder or gravel beaches.	Nearest shore is: Reedbeds, meadows, fine sediment beaches, or mixed beaches

Risk assessment -VRAKA

Tier 3

Tools for oil spill trajectory modelling and sensitivity of receptors:

1. SeaTrack Web

- Oil spill trajectory simulation
- Release from the sea floor

2. Digital Environmental Atlas

- Sensitivity to oil spill
- Ecological aspects, foremost difficulty to remediate
- Shore types have a value 1-9



Work procedure: Prioritization - decision

- Prioritization – VRAKA
 - Input from workgroup
 - Input from in situ investigations
 - Risk value
- Feasibility
 - Information i.e GA plans
 - Conditions on site
- Cost of remediation
- Input County administrative board, municipalities

Start of operation

Vrak (namn)	Tier 1 Riskvärde	Ritningar finns	
SKYTTEREN	318	X	
LINDESNAS	129	X	Vraket ej inom svenskt vatten eller EEZ.
JAN HEWELIUSZ	82		
KORONOWO	45		
MALMI	44	X	
NYNAS I	39		
FU SHAN HAI	33		
RONE	32	X	
SANDÖN	15,5	X	
NECATI PEHLIVAN	15		
NYNAS IX	12		
FINNBIRCH	11		
IMMEN	9,49		
HARBURG	7	X	
OSTANHAV	6		
HOHENEICHEN	6	X	
MUNDOGAS	4,8		
MINDE	4,7		
TILIA	4,5	X	
ONEGA	4,3		
IREVIK	3,4		
HELDARSTINDUR	3		
INGEMAR	3		
ALTNES	2	X	
WASTANVAG	1,2		
MARINA S	1,1	X	
MARTINA (akter)	0,6		
VILLON	0,6	X	
LANGELAND	0,4		
BREMSUND	0,36		

Frame agreement, requirements



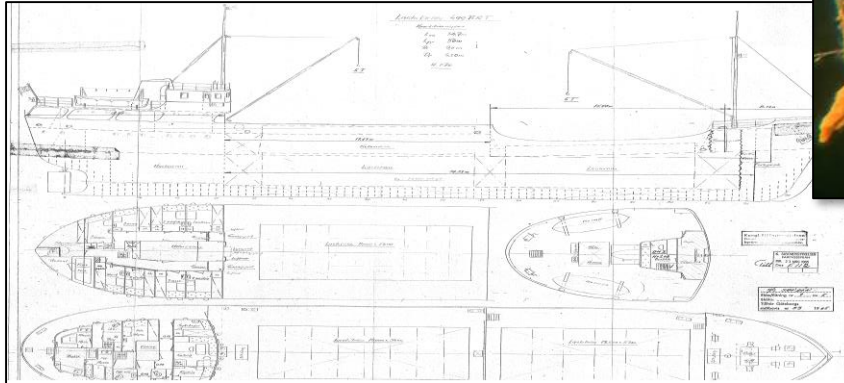
- Experience of working with hazardous ship wrecks, oil removal, removal of ghosts nets
- Experience of oil removal operations
- Certifications – quality management system
 - Health, safety
 - Environment
- Economy
- Reference cases

Work Procedure: Call-off

Call-off from frame agreement

Tender documents

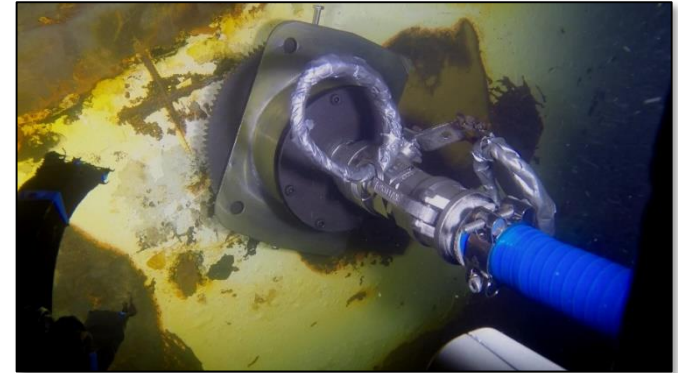
- Information regarding wreckage
- On-site conditions: currents, sea floor
- General arrangement plans



Oil from gooseneck piping, shipwreck Harburg. Swedish Coast Guard

Work procedure: Oil removal

- Remotely underwater vehicle (ROV) and/or diving
- Closed loop system
 - Penetration of tanks
 - Oil pumped to surface vessel
- Remove derelict fishing gear from wreck
 - Destruction
 - Recycling



Drill equipment with hose, attached on hull. Marine works, 2017



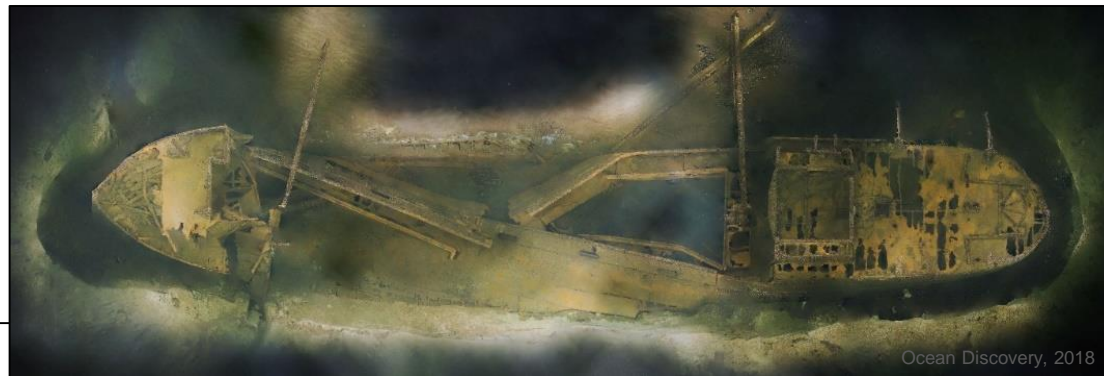
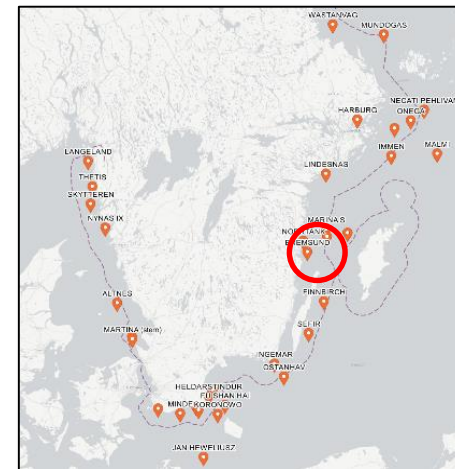
Removal of ghost net. Victor Jensen/Sveriges Radio, 2018

Experiences: On-site survey

Shipwreck Bremsund

- Side-scan sonar documentation of the wreck site (500x500m)
 - General area of the wreck site
- Detailed investigations of the wreck.
 - Video- and image documentation
 - 3D-model of the wreck, photogrammetry
 - Digital Elevation Model (DEM)
- Hull thickness measurements
 - Four relevant positions, four measurements per point
 - Starboard and larboard (if possible)
- General hydrological data of the area
 - salinity
 - temperature
 - oxygen
 - sea-floor currents (if possible)

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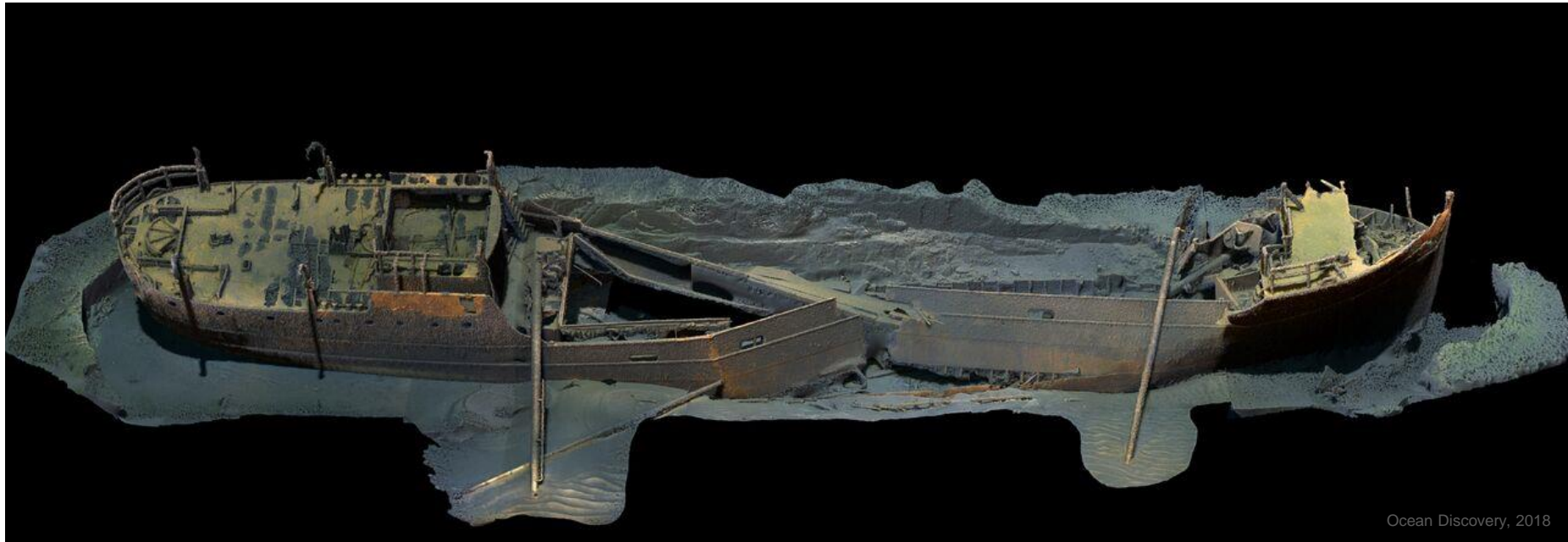


Experiences: On-site survey

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Shipwreck Bremsund

Pictures from 3D-model of the wreck, photogrammetry



Ocean Discovery, 2018

Experiences: On-site survey

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Shipwreck Bremsund

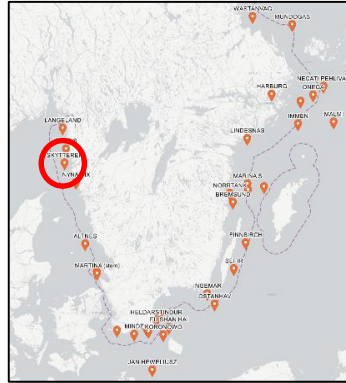
Pictures from 3D-model of the wreck, photogrammetry



Experiences: On-site survey

Shipwreck Skytteren

- 172m, 12000 gt, 1942, ~500 t oil
- ROV/Diving assignment
- Swedish navy - HMS Belos
 - Belos divers – wet bell
 - Clearance divers
- General investigation of the wreck, condition, deterioration
- Places of oil leakage
- Hull thickness measurements
- Other - holes, pit corrosion, fishing gear?

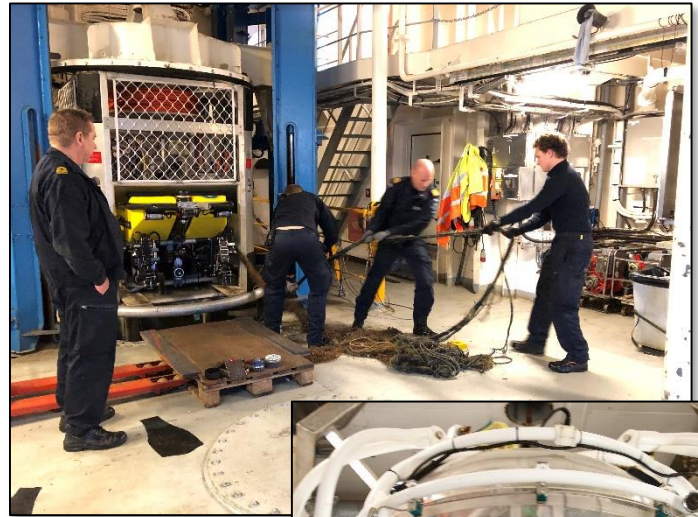


Experiences: *Skytteren* - results

- Strong surface (1-3 knots) and sea-floor (1-1,5 knots) current
- Investigations of the keel area, whole length of wreck

First impression - good condition, but;

- Hull thickness - 4-11 mm
- Nails more corroded than hull
- Oil leakage visible on surface



Swedish Armed Forces



Frida Åberg

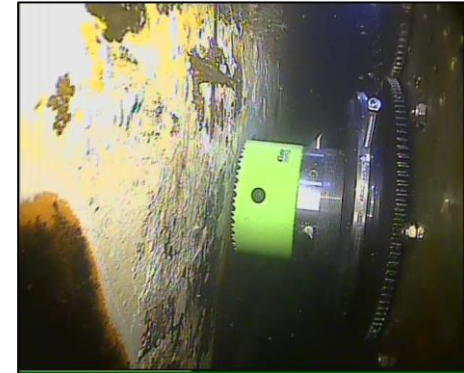
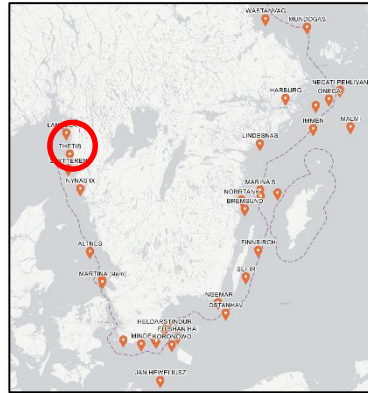


Rebecka Signås/Swedish Armed Forces

Experiences: Remediation

Shipwreck Thetis

- Oil removal – 2017
 - Test case
 - Close to shore, ROV and diving operation
 - Time of wreckage ~22 m³ diesel
 - Recovery ~1m³
 - Filling pipes corroded



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Experiences: Remediation

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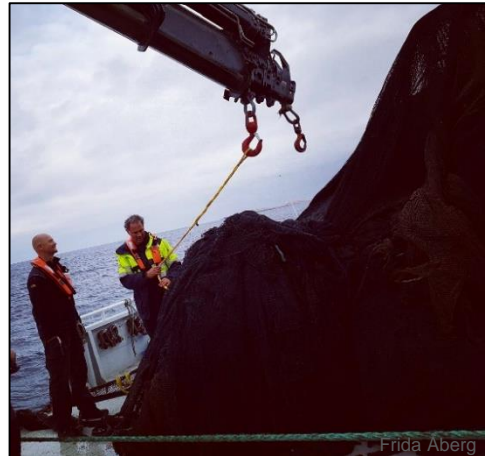
Shipwreck Thetis

- Oil removal – 2017
- Ghost net – 2018
 - Purse seine (400x100m)
 - Recovery 12- 15 tons

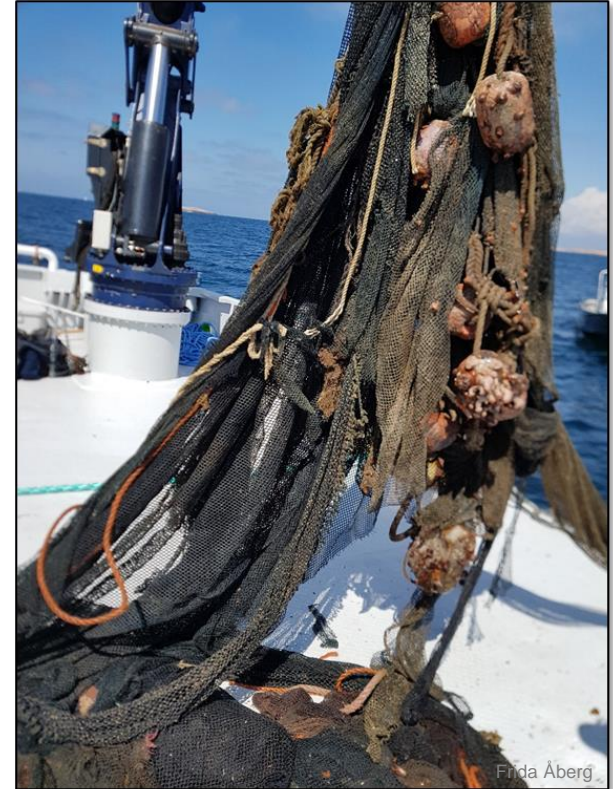


2019-02-27

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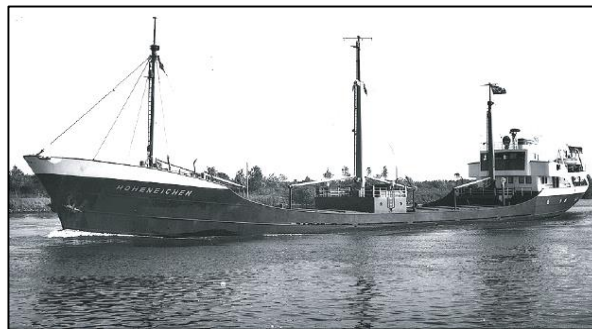
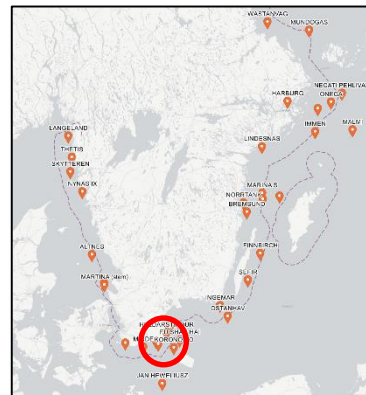


Frida Åberg

Experiences: Remediation

Sandön & Hoheneichen

- Geographically close – economically advantageous
- Easy objects – possibility within 2018
- M/S Sandön
 - Coaster, 499 gt
 - Fire in machine room, 1975
 - Bunker 40t
- M/S Hoheneichen
 - Coaster, 499 gt
 - Storm, 1959
 - Bunker 18t
- No reports of oil leakage



Experiences: Remediation

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Sandön & Hoheneichen

Prerequisites:

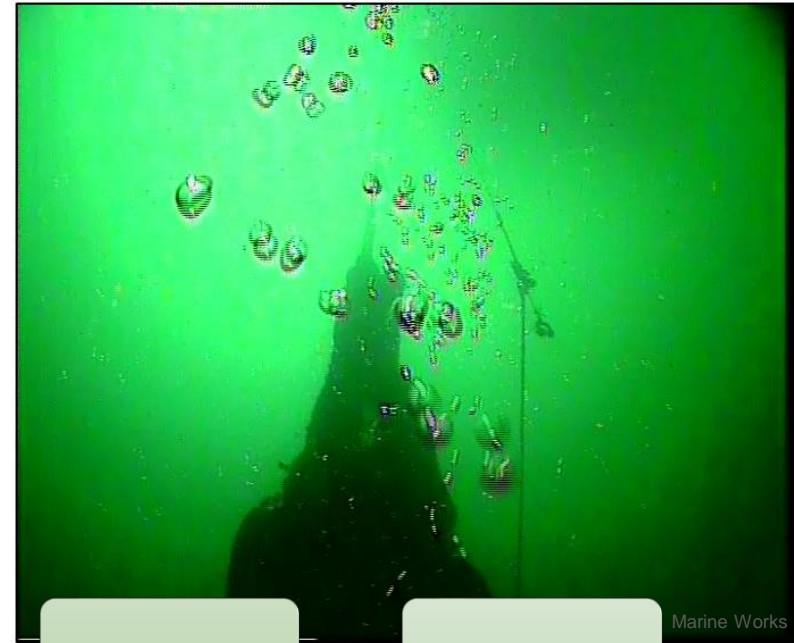
- Depth: 31-18 m
 - Diving operation
- Easy access: keel-side up
- No owner
- No human remains in the wreck
- Not in a shipping lane
- Limited commercial fishing activity in the area

Result : no oil!



Summary

- Swedish National Programme
- ~30 wrecks on the shortlist
- Risk assessment, VRAKA, a decision tool
- Remediation, closed loop drilling
- Be prepared for anything and everything!



Thank you!

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<https://www.havochvatten.se/en/swam/facts--leisure/environmental-impact/shipwrecks.html>



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Further reading

<https://www.havochvatten.se/en/swam/facts--leisure/environmental-impact/shipwrecks.html>

VRAKA, Ph.D-thesis by Hanna Landquist (2016)

<http://publications.lib.chalmers.se/records/fulltext/244266/244266.pdf>

SwAM Youtube-playlists from shipwreck operations

<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLr3k-vNFdXs3WyKMoJcgCWoaArRk1P62T>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2FWrnjLB_C4&list=PLr3k-vNFdXs0ikmAPNna4DR4M8vtHwB05

<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLr3k-vNFdXs1BJfYp9fzKz3SDDEIfxOT->